」中國文化大學 111 年度教育部高等教育深耕計畫 計畫成果紀錄表

子計畫	子計畫B		
具體 作法	B4-1 法學院「企業法務人才跨域培育計畫」		
主題	B4-1 法學院「企業法務人才跨域培育計畫」		
	主辦單位:法律學系 活動日期:111年4月15日(五)13:00-15:00 活動地點:大新館301教室 授課課程:涉外民事法律問題專題 主 講 者:王偉霖 業師今日分享[英文商務契約]		
內(內簡執成)	TABLE OF CONTENT Is MOU Legally Binding? Non-Disclosure Agreement(NDA) for Finite Period? What Makes Secrecy? Choose Mark Clause Or Not Is the Agreement Signed by CFO Valid? Are the Title and Preamble a Part of the Agreement? Is the Disclaimer of Liability Valid? Is the Disclaimer of Liability Valid? Meeting Minute of the Initial Negotiation Meeting Minute of the Initial Negotiation Same Nature as the Letter of Intent (LOI) Not an Essential Element of an Agreement MOU as a Preliminary Agreement MOU as a Preliminary Agreement If the governing law is Talixanese laws the Civil Law specifies that based on a preliminary agreement, parties have obligation to enter into an agreement, unless it is clear that the MOU or LOI lie for inference crity. However, such obligation may be welved given by Porce Majoure, if one party is labs- for fault are entering and an agreement, the other party may request damage compensation. It is noteworthy that according to Didil Law \$163, a MOU may be considered as an agreement provided that it specifies licensed technology and amount of license less.	TABLE OF CONTENT Is MOU Legally Binding? Non-Disclosure Agreement(NDA) for Finite Period? What Makes Secrecy? Choose Mark Clause Or Not Is the Agreement Signed by CFO Valid? Are the Title and Preamble a Part of the Agreement? Is the Disclaimer of Liability Valid? NON-DISCLOSURE AGREEMENT(NDA) FOR FINITE PERIOD? Purpose of Non-Disclosure Agreement (NDA) 10 bind the parties, their agents, and employees in the following three ways: 1. To use the information properly and pretect it from unauthorized use, publication, or disclosure 2. To restrict access to confidential information to those who do require such access to effectuate the licensing agreement 3. To abstain from using the information to unfairly compete or obtain unfair advantage against the disclosing party	
	Shall include as much information as possible (from the perspective of the licensor), e.g. "The confidential information as mentioned in this Agreement shall include all industrial information and data, including but not limited to formulas, patented and/or unpatented inventions and techniques, business and marketing plans, trade secrets, know-how, and all kinds of intellectual property rights that belong to the Company, regardless of whether be of essence to the	NON-DISCLOSURE AGREEMENT(NDA) WITH LIMITED SCOPE? Example Confidential Information may include customer detail, supplied datall, operations, marketing stans, strategies, or product information, deaging plans, citavengs, data, protetyless, equipments business assist atea, natines, or other technical information disclosed must be marked as confidential at the time of disclosure, and any arist or non-tanglote confidential information disclosed must be identified as confidential at the time of disclosure. The information disclosed must be identified as confidential at the time of disclosure. The information disclosed must be identified as confidential at the time of disclosure. The information disclosure must be identified as confidential at the time of disclosure. The information disclosure must be identified as confidential at the time of disclosure. The information disclosure must be identified as confidential at the time of disclosure of the disclosu	



WHAT MAKES SECRECY? CHOOSE MARK CLAUSE OR NOT

* Example

- The Purios accordingly and agree that all Purios information that be named Confidential. Accord as specified below, that comes to be known by reason of work under this Agreement, is confidential to each Party and will not be disclosed to unauthorized third parties.

 The Parties will use the same standard of care, and will bind their employees, agents or representatives to such standard, to prevent disclosure of such confidential information as each uses to protect its own confidential information and trade secrets.
- Confidential: (b) is known to the other Party or is in the other Party or possession at the time of executing this Agreement, (c) is in the public domain at the time of executing this Agreement, (c) is in the public domain at the time of disclosure; (d) is independently developed by the other Party or (e) is observed to the other Party by a third party with written approved of the linst Party.



NON-DISCLOSURE AGREEMENT(NDA) FOR FINITE PERIOD?

× Example

The ideas and the expressions hereof contained in the Licensed The ideas and the expressions hereof contained in the Licensed Program and Licensed Materials are confidential, proprietary information and trade secrets that the Gustomer will receive in confidence. The Customer shall not in any manner or form disclose, provide or otherwise make available in whole or in part, any Licensed Program and/or Licensed Materials to any third parties except for Customer's amplityees and consultants who are bound by appropriate non-disclosures. The oils glations expressed within this Section 3 shall sturks elemination of this Agreement.

OTHE AGREEMENT SIGNED BY CFO VALID?

* Example of Both Parties' Signing

INTENDING TO BE LEGALLY BOUND, the parties have executed this Agreement on the day and year first written above

Lucesor Technology Company	Licensee Manufacturing Company
Ву	By:
Name:	Name.
Title	Title

ARE THE TITLE AND PREAMBLE A PART OF THE AGREEMENT?

* Case Study - "License" v.s. "Assignment" in Copyright

+ 2001 Taipei District Court Appellate Civil No. 1964



× Court Holding

- + The court rules that the amount of money involved in this case is significant enough to spur plaintiff to study the agreement, specifically the difference between "license" and "assignment," Therefore, plaintiff's claim was overruled,
- + The LOI specified "license" instead of "assignment However, the court rules that both parties agreed to "assignment" due to the loter formal agreement. Therefore, it is critical to distinguish between "license" and "assignment" when it comes to copyright transaction.

IS THE DISCLAIMER OF LIABILITY VALID?

× Example

+ With respect to LICENSEO PATENT, PATENT UNDER APPLICATION and PRODUCT, LICENSOR makes no warranty or representations of any sort, express or implied, including without limitation warranties of merchantability and fitness for a particular purpose of non-infringement. LICENSOR makes no representations and provides no warranty that the use of the LICENSED PATENT will not infringe any patent or proprietary rights of third parties



MUST FIGHT: GOVERNING LAW CLAUSE

× Example

+ The validity, performance, and all other matters pertaining to this the various, performance, and other matters perfaining to this agreement will be governed and construed in accordance with the laws of the state of California, in the event of any dispute, the parties submit to the exclusive jurisdictors in the united States District Court for the Northern District of California in San

SLESSER VICTORY: ARBITRATION CLAUSE

× Example

+ Any dispute, controversy or difference arising out of or relating to this contract or the breach thereof settled by arbitration in the City of New York, in accordance with the arbitration law of the State of New York and under the rules of the American Arbitration Association, whose award shall be final and binding on both parties and whose expenses shall be borne by the parties against whom the award is made.

WHAT IS A TRUE EXCLUSIVE LICENSE AGREEMENT?

* Example

- Technology Namo: focod j (hersafter reterred to as TECHNOLOGY) Technology Content, coordinate: (as Appendix 1.1 Liberiae Territory). Use factinology Content to make, sale Liberiaed Product in Liberiaed Previous.
- Licensed Territory
- t i concucio related products Exclusive : Licensed Product
- With respect to TECHNOLOGY. Party A retains the trile to technological information and know-how, in the terms of this agreement. Party A has right to enter into a license agreement with any third party, without the consent of Party 8.

PENALTY V.S. PUNITIVE PENALTY

× Example

- + Licensor may terminate this Agreement by written notice to the other party if Licensee fails to meet the payment and interest terms under Article 5. Given the extent of breach, Licensor may also claim to Licensee the delay penalty by 1% of the total fees each month.
- + Licensor may claim to licensee the nuntive benalty of NTO 5 Million in licensee's breach of Article 4-2, 5-2, 6-3 and 11-2. Licensor may, without notice, termination this Agreement. and claim damage compensation, in licensee's breach of other Articles in this Agreement.

執行成效:

藉由業師分享英文商務契約,可以讓學生從業師簡報中了解現況與契約應注意細節,例如如果有違約延遲罰款等比例..etc,師生討論熱烈,也讓學生可以從不同角度切入思考,易使學生容易理解且感興趣,加上授課教師一起說明互動,學生受益匪淺。

